



PETRA ETHANOL FUEL TREATMENT AND STABILIZER 6 FL.OZ.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 08/29/2014

Version:

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : PETRA ETHANOL FUEL TREATMENT AND STABILIZER 6 FL.OZ.
Product code : PETRA2005

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Ethanol Fuel Treatment

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Petra Oil Company
6100 West by Northwest Blvd. Ste. 190
Ste 190
Houston, TX 77040
T 713-856-5700

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC 24 Hour 1-800-424-9300, 1-703-527-3887 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 4 H227
Muta. 1B H340
Carc. 1B H350
Asp. Tox. 1 H304

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H227 - Combustible liquid
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H340 - May cause genetic defects
H350 - May cause cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection
P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison control center, doctor, physician,
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
P370+P378 - In case of fire: See Section 5.1 Extinguishing Media
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None under normal conditions.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

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3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	(CAS No) 64742-47-8	85 - 95	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
2-Propanol	(CAS No) 67-63-0	1.9705 - 2.5335	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic	(CAS No) 64742-95-6	< 1.3508	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Muta. 1B, H340 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	(CAS No) 95-63-6	< 0.4298	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335
Residues (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator	(CAS No) 64741-67-9	0.0563 - 0.1689	Carc. 1B, H350
Diethanolamine	(CAS No) 111-42-2	< 0.1126	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373
Xylene, Mixture of Isomers	(CAS No) 1330-20-7	< 0.0307	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315

The exact percentage is a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries	: May cause genetic defects.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause slight irritation . Itching. Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: May cause slight irritation. Irritation of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: Combustible liquid.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No smoking.
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6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Gloves. Safety glasses.
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Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Dam up the liquid spill. Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapor spray. Obtain special instructions. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container closed when not in use. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Follow Label Directions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	25 ppm
Xylene, Mixture of Isomers (1330-20-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm 8 Hours
2-Propanol (67-63-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	980 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m ³)	1225 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	980 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Local exhaust ventilation, vent hoods.

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Personal protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.



Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wear respiratory protection.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid.
Color	: Light yellow.
Odor	: Petroleum-like odour. Mild.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: 65 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.82
Solubility	: Insoluble in water.
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 1.92 cSt @ 40 deg C
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 0 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Combustible liquid. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fume. . Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature; 6000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 3440 mg/kg (Rat; Read-across; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	18 mg/l/4h (Rat)

Xylene, Mixture of Isomers (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg (Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Literature study; 3523 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value; >4000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 4200.000000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value,Rabbit; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	29 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; 27.57 mg/l/4h; Rat; Experimental value)

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5.28 mg/l/4h Based on lack of mortality and systemic effects

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
LD50 oral rat	5045 mg/kg (Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value; 5840 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12870 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402; 16.4; Rabbit)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	73 mg/l/4h (Rat)

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
LD50 oral rat	620 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	7640 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic (64742-95-6)	
IARC group	3

Xylene, Mixture of Isomers (1330-20-7)	
IARC group	3

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
IARC group	3

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
IARC group	3

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified
Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause slight irritation . Itching. Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : May cause slight irritation. Irritation of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LC50 fish 1	7.72 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Lethal)

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1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LC50 fish 2	18 mg/l (48 h; <i>Oryzias latipes</i>)
Threshold limit algae 1	1 mg/l (72 h; Algae)
Threshold limit algae 2	2.356 mg/l (96 h; Algae)
Xylene, Mixture of Isomers (1330-20-7)	
LC50 fish 1	13.5 mg/l (96 h; <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> ; Lethal)
EC50 Daphnia 1	150 mg/l (24 h; <i>Daphnia magna</i>)
LC50 fish 2	3.77 mg/l 96 h; <i>Salmo gairdneri</i> (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)
EC50 Daphnia 2	7.4 mg/l (48 h; <i>Daphnia magna</i>)
Threshold limit algae 1	72 mg/l (336 h; <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> ; Growth)
Threshold limit algae 2	10 mg/l (72 h; <i>Skeletonema costatum</i>)
2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
LC50 fish 1	4200 mg/l (96 h; <i>Rasbora heteromorpha</i> ; Flow-through system)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (48 h; <i>Daphnia magna</i>)
LC50 fish 2	9640 mg/l (96 h; <i>Pimephales promelas</i> ; Lethal)
EC50 Daphnia 2	13299 mg/l (48 h; <i>Daphnia magna</i>)
Threshold limit algae 1	> 1000 mg/l (72 h; <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i> ; Growth rate)
Threshold limit algae 2	1800 mg/l (72 h; Algae; Cell numbers)
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
LC50 fish 1	1664 mg/l (96 h; <i>Pimephales promelas</i> ; Static system)
EC50 Daphnia 1	180 mg/l (24 h; <i>Daphnia magna</i>)
LC50 fish 2	14000 mg/l (96 h; <i>Gambusia affinis</i> ; Static system)
EC50 Daphnia 2	55 mg/l (48 h; <i>Daphnia magna</i>)
Threshold limit algae 1	10 mg/l (192 h; <i>Scenedesmus quadricauda</i> ; Inhibitory)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
PETRA ETHANOL FUEL TREATMENT AND STABILIZER 6 FL.OZ.	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water. Forming sediments in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Adsorbs into the soil. Low potential for mobility in soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.44 g O ₂ /g substance
Xylene, Mixture of Isomers (1330-20-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Photolysis in the air.
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.19 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.23 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.40 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.49 % ThOD
Residues (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator (64741-67-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.22 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.52 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.13 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.10 % ThOD
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
PETRA ETHANOL FUEL TREATMENT AND STABILIZER 6 FL.OZ.	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic (64742-95-6)	
Log Pow	2.1 - 6

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1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
BCF fish 1	31 - 275 (8 weeks; Cyprinus carpio)
Log Pow	3.63 - 4.09 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Xylene, Mixture of Isomers (1330-20-7)	
BCF fish 1	15 8 weeks; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
BCF fish 2	7 - 26 (8 weeks; Oncorhynchus mykiss)
Log Pow	3.2 (Conclusion by analogy; 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Log Pow	0.05 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

Residues (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator (64741-67-9)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
Log Pow	-2.18 - -1.43 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.

12.4. Mobility in soil

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Surface tension	0.029 N/m
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

Xylene, Mixture of Isomers (1330-20-7)	
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Surface tension	0.021 N/m (25 °C)

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

US DOT (ground): NA1993, Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Petroleum Distillates), 3, III, Limited Quantity

ICAO/IATA (air): Not Regulated,

IMO/IMDG (water): Not Regulated,

Special Provisions: IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2)

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Petroleum Distillates)

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

DOT Symbols : D - Proper shipping name for domestic use only, or to and from Canada, G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

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Packing group (DOT)	: III - Minor Danger
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672). T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2) T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 241

14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Overland transport

No additional information available

Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 60 L
(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 220 L
CFR 175.75)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

PETRA ETHANOL FUEL TREATMENT AND STABILIZER 6 FL.OZ.	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Xylene, Mixture of Isomers (1330-20-7)	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

PETRA ETHANOL FUEL TREATMENT AND STABILIZER 6 FL.OZ.	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid

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EU-Regulations

2-Propanol (67-63-0)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Carc.Cat.2; R45

Muta.Cat.2; R46

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

15.2.2. National regulations

2-Propanol (67-63-0)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

PETRA ETHANOL FUEL TREATMENT AND STABILIZER 6 FL.OZ.

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic (64742-95-6)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Xylene, Mixture of Isomers (1330-20-7)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

2-Propanol (67-63-0)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Residues (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator (64741-67-9)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 -	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 -	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	No significant risk level (NSRL)
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Residues (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator (64741-67-9)				
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Female	Male	
No	No	No	No	
Diethanolamine (111-42-2)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
2-Propanol (67-63-0)				
State or local regulations				
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List				
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List				

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

NFPA health hazard

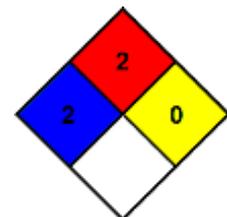
: 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 2 - Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high temperature before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability

: 2 Moderate Hazard

Physical

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Personal Protection

: B

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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - TCC

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this MSDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests believed to be reliable. However, the manufacturer/distributor of this product does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness NOR SHALL ANY OF THIS INFORMATION CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE SAFETY OF THE GOODS, THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS, OR THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. The manufacturer/distributor assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.